

## The St. Johns Herald.

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Henry Reed, Editor and Proprietor.

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St. Johns, Thursday, Oct. 1.

NOW THAT the court has adjourned and the officers have visited the Zuni and gone by the way of Wingate, or Windgate, to blow the smell off their clothing before going to the fair at Albuquerque and playing the nobby at the San Felipe, we the people of St. Johns, who are left in the full enjoyment of our sweet solitude, have abundant time for retrospection and reflection. To us the calm is benificent; the war between contestants has been silenced; ended for the time being. The victors are in a "we told you so humor" and the defeated are hidden from sight. The convicted criminal is within the iron jaws of the laws final resort and will stay 'till justice is satisfied. The worse than widowed wives and mothers will mourn because crime has despoiled them and the children of their protectors from the cold blasts of winter and gnawings of hunger. They will feel that death would have been a more welcome visitor than were the officers of the law that bereft them of all hope of personal sustenance and forced them on the uncertain dependence of charity from the hard working poor in their midst. How great the crime that brings such misery in the world, this living death which is the certain wages of the sin of the criminal. It is not alone the lowly among the people that have been accused of crimes, for whose punishment the prison-houses and penitentiaries have been built, but men of property; men who possessed a large share of this world's goods; men who set themselves high above the laboring classes; men who look upon the tiller of the ground as not entitled to social position, have been brought by the mandate of the court to answer for the same charges and crimes that condemned the unfortunate Baca and Moreno to the horrors of Yuma.

As has been stated in the HERALD it tries no mans case, it does not exercise the functions of a criminal court, but it is its duty to state its convictions of that man, who enters upon bonds to answer before the court to an indictment of a grand jury for cattle stealing within Apache County, and when his case is called fails to respond, as a guiltless man should, I am here! These are the facts, in the case of the Territory against P. J. Hill, whose residence was near Houck's Tank, in this county. Mr. Hill came to St. Johns and was here at the organization of the District Court, he appeared intent on all its proceedings and he must have observed that not only were the members of the court determined to punish crime in Apache County, to the full extent of the law, but that the people at large were in full sympathy with the officers of the law. He must have seen that neither personal friendships nor money would avail a guilty man, or one that would be proven such, and like a coward in the darkness of the night forsook his bondsmen and made it impossible at that time for the court to hear his case. This action on his part will go far to condemn him in the minds of all right thinking men.

It is to be hoped that the good start that has been taken, to punish crime in this county will be maintained, that every lover of good order, every lover of peace and every one who respects the rights of property, will act as energetically to sustain the laws when the officers of the law are with us in the future, as they did during the session just closed.

THE Grand Junction News of the Centennial State has a special "society" to the rockies. Hear him on the probabilities of the coming winter at the capitol: "It is definitely and authoritatively stated that Miss Cleveland will remain with her brother during his administration. A number of her friends will become winter residents at the capitol this season, and the hospitality of the mistress of the White House will be fully taxed to meet the demands upon her time, and will make no further effort at literary work during her brother's administration. The return of the President to Washington will be the signal for an exodus from the watering places by the leaders of society, and a number of residents from the West End and Connecticut avenue have already telegraphed to have their houses in order for immediate occupation. There will be no lack of entertainment or society this winter. New York and Chicago society will be well represented at the capitol this winter, as orders have been received from scores of people from these two places for winter accommodations here. Mr. and Mrs. Leiter will continue to entertain their large circle of friends in the Blaine house on Massachusetts avenue, and will be regarded as the leaders of the Chicago set. On the other hand, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney and Assistant Secretary and Mrs. Fairchild will occupy a similar position from a New York point of view." On with the dance, ye partizans of pleasure. Let joy be unconfined.

BUT a few days ago, a dispatch from San Francisco said: "A representative body of citizens comprising Governor Stoneman, Senator Stanford, Congressman Morrow, McKenna, Henley, Louitt and others left this morning to inspect the damage done to the Sacramento by debris from hydraulic mines. They were unanimous in the opinion that prompt and vigorous measures would have to be taken if the river was to continue navigable."

It is a melancholy thought to pass through the mind of an old Californian that the Sacramento is dead to steam-boat traffic. The old high-way that served as carrier of the millions in gold to the Bay City, from all the northern and midland counties. The noble river that floated with ease the steamers Senator and New World to their landings at and alongside of the store ships at the city front is passing away. Sacramento City was justly proud of its river; its magnificent high-way to the sea. No doubt its tale has been told, its work and usefulness as a high-way ended. It served well its day and the people that first gave life to the Golden State.

A GENTLEMAN at Coolidge told our correspondent the following: "A party of us started out for a ride over the mesa several days since, and after going some fifteen miles, came to quite a hill and concluded to go on top. On the way up we found oyster shells, most of them broken, however. Occasionally we found small ones which were whole. We were very much surprised, not having heard of it before. This looks as if that country must have been covered by a sea years ago."—Alb. Evening Democrat.

Professor Bibikov of Albuquerque can fully post the Democrat with regard to the shell producing district referred to in the above item. Mr. Wm. Crane, of Bacon Springs, near Coolidge, has, for more than twenty years past, filled all the contracts for lime supplies at Fort Wingate from these shell bearing rocks, and has in his cabinet specimens of rare perfection and beauty in bivalves, crustaceans, cephalopods, entomostomata, with a thousand and one other marine specimens, of some product, that no tenderfoot would ever expect to find away from Rockaway Bay or its inlets on the south side of old Long Island's sea girt shore, or off the heads at the entrance to the Golden Gate.

THE yellow fever is driving everybody out of Hermosillo and Guaymas. Nogales is being crowded with the refugees.

GEN. NELSON A. MILES is reported to have said to a Denver interviewer, that he predicts that in fifty years from the present time, there will be no pure Indian blood in the country, that the race is fast dying out, and that intermarriage with the whites is also growing in extent. Now with all due respect for the General's Indian fighting qualities, we doubt his knowledge of the procreative power of the Indian, and will venture the prediction that fifty years hence there will be living in Arizona and New Mexico, one hundred thousand pure breed Navajos, cultivating farms, pursuing the mechanic arts, teaching schools and performing all the duties of intelligent, educated American citizens. If our prediction is not nearer correct than the General's, then break up Carlisle and all kindred establishments at once.

The New York Republican Convention was held at Saratoga, September 22d. Senator Warner Miller was escorted, as temporary chairman, to the platform by Hon. A. B. Cornell and United States Senator Lapham. After the organization Mr. James W. Husted was unanimously selected as permanent chairman. On the second day of the Convention, Ira Davenport, of Steuben county was nominated for Governor, and Joseph B. Carr for Lieutenant Governor. The Democratic Convention was held at Saratoga on the 25th of September. Hill was nominated for Governor, and Roswell P. Flower given the second place on the ticket. All strong nominations. Make your bets, gentlemen.

MAJOR POWELL, chief of the Geological survey, has been visiting Santa Fe after a sixteen years interregnum. The New Mexican, of the 26th inst. contains interesting accounts of his latest discoveries, the most interesting of which are located 18 miles north-east of Flagstaff. To give some idea of the magnitude of the work of Major Powell and his party it is only necessary to use the words of the great explorer of the south-west. "Besides the inhabited pueblos we have to date mapped the location of over 5000 ruins. These habitations are found all over New Mexico and Arizona, a part of Utah, a small part of California, in Nevada, and in about one-half of Colorado."

SPEAKING of the pensions laws our worthy cotemporary among other things says: "The Republican rulings have always been niggardly, mean and invariably against the soldiers." If the editors of the Democrat would attempt to prove that assertion, they would have more business on hand than a yellow cur with seven spots to lick and seven full grown thomas cats to fight at the same time.—Neosho County (Kan.) Journal.

Niggardly, mean. Why, Mr. Democrat, after pensioning all the soldiers who fought in the war that got a scratch, we have commenced on the bounty-jumpers, and got well nigh through with them. Niggardly, mean—indeed!

THE millennium commenced in Santa Fe, N. M., in the year of grace 1880. Just listen to the record made by the New Mexican: "Santa Fe is the most peaceable city on the continent to-day. We have not had a murder here in five years; there is not a prisoner in jail, nor has Santa Fe county a convict in the Territorial penitentiary."

President Cleveland seems to know his own position better than his party. He is reported to have said that he would not appoint a Mr. Morton, as Postmaster at Augusta, Maine, "even if every Democrat in Maine should request it." Local Maine Democrats betrayed him into appointing a jail bird once, that fixed his future action.

W. F. Babcock, senior member of the house of Parrott & Co., died at San Francisco, September 23d. Mr. Babcock was one of the best known men on the Pacific Coast, having been in prominent positions since his arrival in 1852. He leaves an estate valued at \$5,000,000.

GEN. CROOK seems to think that the Apaches are trying to get back to the Mesclero agency in New Mexico. Well, the chances are if the wily devils have taken that notion they'll "git thar, Eli."—Southwestern Stockman.

General why not let them get there? Is it not possible to gobble them on their arrival. It seems impossible to catch them anywhere else. Let the Agency, or Reservation Indians understand that as soon as they put their feet on the reservation, they must be arrested and delivered to the United States authorities. There should be no cities of refuge for the murderers.

WM. A. SWITZER took out this week a number of men to work on the new wagon road from Flagstaff to the Verde. He will continue the work until the road is completed, when Flagstaff will enjoy a long felt want. No better man than Mr. Switzer could have been selected to perform the work.—Flagstaff Champion.

The same legislature that gave \$4,000 for the Flagstaff and Verde road, in Yavapai county, gave Apache county \$12,000 for roads and bridges. Anybody doing anything for Apache county? Where are our Switzers?

THE Flagstaff Champion, has changed hands. J. W. Spafford will do the editorial work hereafter.

FRANK T. LEWIS.

TO

## HOLDERS

OF

## APACHE COUNTY

## Warrants.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,  
Apache County, Arizona.

Notice is hereby given to all holders of Warrants, issued under and by the authority of the Board of Supervisors of Apache County, in the Territory of Arizona, prior to the

First Day of January, 1885.

First—That the same be presented to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for

## Examination and Registration,

at his office in St. Johns, the county seat of Apache county,

ON OR BEFORE THE

First Day of December, 1885.

Second—That while the presentation of the original warrants may be preferred—where it will not be practicable to produce them—certified copies thereof, with all memoranda and endorsements thereon, may be furnished for inspection and verification.

By order of the Board.  
T. S. BUNCH, Clerk.

W. T. HUBBELL.

## Lewis and Hubbell's SEMI-WEEKLY LINE TO NAVAJO.

## Speed and Regularity! Four-Horse Outfit!

Leaves St. Johns every Monday and Wednesday. Leaves Navajo every Tuesday and Saturday. Express freight, two cents per pound.

## Passenger Rates as Low as the Lowest.

Make all for this line "Care of L. & H. Navajo."

## THE AYER LUMBER COMPANY OF FLAGSTAFF

Have for the accommodation of the people of Holbrook and vicinity on or near the line of the Atlantic & Pacific road established a depot for the sale of LUMBER in all varieties produced at the Great Mill in the San Francisco Mountains. DRESSED LUMBER of all qualities PLAIN LUMBER of all kinds and dimensions.

## DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, LATH, SHINGLES, BATTENS AND MOULDINGS.

The prices for all kinds of stock will be the same as if

delivered at the mill with freight added. Office and

yard Central Avenue, West End.

O. P. CHAFFEE, Agent,

20,000,000 ACRES OF LAND FOR  
Sale in New Mexico and Arizona.

## THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Land Grant of this Company, in alternate sections extends entirely across the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona, between the 34th and 36th degrees of north latitude. It is 600 miles long and 80 miles wide and includes some of the best grazing lands of both Territories. In the valleys are many desirable tracts of agricultural land, susceptible of irrigation. A sufficiency of water has been found wherever cattle and sheep have been grazed, and large herds have been grazed in the country ever since the coming of the Mexicans. Wells have been sunk and good water has been obtained.

A stream of running water, the San Jose, rises near the summit of the Sierra Madre, and runs 75 miles eastward to the Rio Puerco, and the company's road follows the whole length of its valley. There are numerous fine valleys opening into the valley of the San Jose, flanked by grassy and wooded hills, upon which there is an open growth of small cedar and pinon. There is also, in some of the valleys, good pine timber on the mountains, near the railroad, and good springs are found on both slopes of the Sierra Madre. Many varieties of building stone are found in great abundance along the line of the road.

In Arizona the grazing areas are supplied with good water, and the United States Surveyors, who made the official surveys of the country, say they are as good, if not better, than those of Wyoming and Montana. The Navajo Indians grow corn without irrigation, in the valleys of the Puerco of the West, on the Company's lands, and in the valley of the Little Colorado, also on the line of the road, good crops of corn, sorghum, oats, barley, and garden vegetables are grown by irrigation. The finest of potatoes, oats, wheat, barley and garden vegetables of large size and fine quality have been successfully grown without irrigation on

the slopes of the San Francisco mountains. On these mountains there is an extensive timber belt, diversified by beautiful valleys and parks, with good water and wonderful canyons through which the road passes. In fact the whole of the country traversed by the road is very picturesque and beautiful, and many towns are being built along its route.

The Valley of the Rio Grande, at Albuquerque is 5,000 feet above the sea, and the passes of the Sierra Madre and the San Francisco mountains, in Arizona, have elevations of 7,000, with a depression at Winslow, on the Little Colorado, where the altitude is 5,000 feet; the climate is mild and salubrious. Cattle and sheep graze throughout the year and do not need to be sheltered or grain fed during the winter. The nights are cool during the summer.

The Company is now prepared to make sales of its grazing lands in quantities of 50,000 acres or more, at prices ranging from one dollar (or even less for larger quantities) to one dollar and a half an acre, upon payment of one-fourth the purchase value at date of contract of sale, the remainder in payments as may be agreed upon, bearing six per cent interest; and irrigable agricultural lands in tracts of forty acres or more. The belt of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Land Grant includes the only available grazing land in the country south of the Missouri River that can be purchased in large areas; and the section of country through which this road passes will become the best beef producing region of the United States.

Maps of the Land Grant will be forwarded on application and properly accredited persons desire to inspect grazing lands, with a view to purchase and establish stock ranches, will be given facilities for that purpose.

J. A. WILLIAMSON,  
Land Commissioner,  
Land Agent,  
57 Milk St., Boston, Mass.  
Albuquerque, N. M.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

## IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE Territory of Arizona, County of

Apache  
Emma Rachel Hixon,  
Plaintiff,  
versus  
Albert W. Hixon,  
Defendant.

SUMMONS NO. 1.

Action brought in the County Court of the County of Apache, Territory of Arizona.

Territory of Arizona sends greeting to Albert W. Hixon. You are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the County Court of the County of Apache, in the Territory of Arizona, and answer the complaint filed with the Clerk of this Court, at St. Johns, in said County, (a copy of which complaint accompanies this summons,) within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service upon you of this summons, if served in this County; but if served out of the County, and within this District, then within thirty days, in all other cases, forty days. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint, as above required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded and costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said County Court, this 11th day of May A. D. 1885.

ALFRED RUIZ,  
Clerk.  
C. L. GUTTERSON,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.

OFFICE OF THE APACHE COUNTY  
CATTLE INSPECTOR, NAVAJO  
SPRINGS, ARIZONA.

Notice is hereby given to all parties driving cattle into, or through, Apache County that the Territorial laws require all cattle so driven to be inspected by the officer appointed for that purpose. That the undersigned has been duly appointed by the territorial Governor, Inspector, and by virtue of such appointment is obliged to enforce observance of the law. Owners of cattle will greatly facilitate the business by giving five days notice of the time and place to the undersigned where, in the interest of all parties, such inspection can best be made.

G. A. ZEIGER,  
Inspector.

## LAND NOTICES.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.]

LAND OFFICE AT PRESCOTT, ARIZ.  
September 10th 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court of Apache County, Arizona Territory, at St. Johns, Apache County, Arizona, on the 24th day of October, 1885, viz: John Q. Adamson, of Show Low, Apache County, Arizona, for his declaratory statement No. 1204, for the southeast 1/4 of the southwest 1/4 of section No. twenty-five (25), and the east 1/2 of the southeast 1/4 of section No. twenty-six (26), and the west 1/2 of the northeast 1/4 of section No. thirty-five (35) in township No. ten (10) north of Range No. twenty-five (25) east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Cruz Ruiz, Gabriel Arzajo, Ambrosio Arzajo and Jose Jesus Ruiz, all of St. Johns, Apache County, Arizona.

THOMAS WING, Register.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.]

LAND OFFICE AT PRESCOTT, ARIZ.  
September 3d, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, and in his absence the Clerk of the District Court of Apache County, Arizona Territory, at St. Johns, Apache County, Arizona, on the 24th day of October, 1885, viz: John Q. Adamson, of Show Low, Apache County, Arizona, for his declaratory statement No. 1204, for the southeast 1/4 of the southwest 1/4 of section No. twenty-five (25), and the east 1/2 of the southeast 1/4 of section No. twenty-six (26), and the west 1/2 of the northeast 1/4 of section No. thirty-five (35) in township No. nine (9), north of range No. twenty-two (22) east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Whitcomb, R. C. Kinder, D. J. Porter and Robert Scott, all of Show Low, Apache County, Arizona Territory.

THOMAS WING, Register.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.]

LAND OFFICE AT PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.  
September 10th, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, and in his absence the Clerk of the District Court of Apache County, Arizona Territory, at St. Johns, Apache County, Arizona, on the 12th day of October, 1885, viz: James Scott, of Show Low, Apache County, Arizona, for his homestead entry No. 303, for the southwest 1/4 of the northeast 1/4, and the northwest 1/4 of the southeast 1/4 and the east 1/2 of the southwest 1/4 of section No. ten (10), in township No. nine (9), north of range No. twenty-two (22) east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert Scott, William Morgan, R. C. Kinder and Joseph Sponsion, all of Show Low, Apache County, Arizona Territory.

THOMAS WING, Register.

## ROUND VALLEY

## FLOURING AND SAW MILL.

ANTHONY LONG . . . Proprietor,

Is Prepared to Grind Wheat and

Grain on Short Notice and on

Reasonable Terms.

## EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS.

Keeps Constantly on hand all

Grades and Sizes of Pine Lum-

ber, which he sells very

Cheap.

SPRINGVILLE . . . ARIZONA